

Branch : Computer Engg. Subject Name : Digital System and Application

Sem : 3rd Session : 2022

Sr. No	Date	Chapter	Topic Name	Remarks
1		INTRODUCTIO	Analog systems(Representation, Examples, Advantages, Disadvantages)	
2			Digital systems(Representation, Examples, Advantages, Disadvantages)	
3		SYSTEM	Analog to Digital Converter	
4			Digital to Analog Converter	
5		_	Binary Number System & Conversion	
6		_	Binary Number System & Conversion	
7		-	Decimal Number System & Conversion	
8		-	Decimal Number System & Conversion	
9		DIGITAL	Octal Number System & Conversion	
10		NUMBER	Octal Number System & Conversion	
11		SYSTEM &	Hexadecimal Number System & Conversion	
12		CONVERSION	Hexadecimal Number System & Conversion	
13		-	One's Compliment Representation	
14		-	One's Compliment Representation	
15		-	Two's Compliment Representation	
16			Two's Compliment Representation	
17		-	Binary Addition, Binary Subtraction	
18		-	Binary Multiplication, Binary Division	
19		Binary	Addition using Two's Compliment	
20		Arithmetic	Subtraction using Two's Compliment	
21		-	Octal Arithmatic (Addition,Subtraction)	
22			Hexadecimal Arithmatic (Addition,Subtraction)	
23		_	Boolean Laws	
24		Dealars	Commutative, Associative, Distributive, AND, OR, INVERTER Laws	
25		Boolean Algebra and	De Morgan's Theorem	
26		Logic Gates	Logic Gates	
27		-	Universal Properties of NAND Gate	
28			Universal Properties of NOR Gate	
29			Boolean Functions(Definition,Truth Table,Representation)	
30		Cimulification	К- Мар	
31		of Boolean	К- Мар	
32		Functions	Simpliflication of Boolean Function using K -Map	
33		-	Minimization of Boolean Functions in Minterm & Truth Table	
34			Minimization of Boolean Functions in Maxterm& Truth Table	
35			Half Adder	
36			Full Adder	
37			Half Subtractor, Full Subtractor	
38		-	2:1 Multiplexer,4:1 MUX	
39		COMBINATION	16:1 Mux, Demultiplexer	
40		AL CIRCUITS	1:16 Demux	
41			Encoder (Definition,Truth bTable & Circuit Diagram)	
42		-	Priority Encoder	
43			Decoder (Definition, Truth bTable & Circuit Diagram)	
44			2 to 4 Line Decoder	
45			SR Flip Flop	
46		-	JK Flip Flop	
47		FLIP FLOPS	Master Slave JK Flip Flop	
48			Master Slave JK Flip Flop	
49			Delay Flip Flop	
50			Toggle Flip Flop	
51			RAM (Characteristics)	
52		Semiconductor	Types of RAM	
53		Memory	ROM (Characteristics)	
54		Devices	Types of ROM	
55		-	Flash Memory Characteristics	
56			Types of Flash Memory	

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Branch : Computer Engg.

Subject Name : Internet Technologies Session : 2022 Remarks Sr. No Date Chapter **Topic Name** 1 Internet and its applications, World Wide Web and its evolution 2 Internet and WWW vs Internet, web server, webpage, web site (static and dynamic), 3 Web Basics HTTP protocol, URL, Web Browsers, 4 Search Engine, Proxy Server. 5 HTML coding conventions, HTML5 structural elements 6 head elements :<title>, <meta>, <link>; body elements: <h1>..<h6>, 7 , , 8 Working with comments, , <iframe>, <form> HTMLS 9 semantic elements: <article>, <aside>, <details> 10 <figcaption>, <figure>, <footer>, <header>, <main>, <mark> 11 <nav>. <section>. <summarv>.<time>: 12 HTML attributes: accesskey, class, data-*, id, style, tabindex, 13 Ordered Lists, Unordered Lists, Definition Lists 14 HTML Lists Nested Lists and Tables 15 Table elements: , <thead>,, <tfoot>, 16 , , ; using rowspan and colspan attributes. 17 Form elements: <input>, <select>, 18 <option>, <optgroup>, <textarea>, HTML Forms 19 <button>, <datalist>,<fieldset>, <label> 20 <legend>, <submit>, action attribu 21 CSS types: inline, internal and external; CSS rule, 22 Selectors, CSS box model, CSS attributes: border 23 margin, padding, height, width, color, text-align, Cascaded 24 border-collapse, border-spacing Style Sheet (CSS) 25 background-color, background-image, background-repeat, 26 background-attachment, background-position,textdecoration,text-transform, 27 letter-spacing, word-spacing, font-family,font-style, font-size,font-variant, 28 position, display, float, list styles, table styles, pseudo classes 29 JavaScript overview, <script> element 30 variable, lifetime and scope of variables, 31 operators 32 controlstatements: if...else, JavaScript 33 switch...case; iteration: for, while, do ... while; 34 linking external JavaScript filewith an HTML document 35 manipulating HTML DOM tree with JavaScript, arrays, 36 object-orientedprogramming in JavaScript 37 built-in javascript functions, user-defind functions 38 Need of jQuery, Adding jQuery to a Webpage - using CDN or Local Copy 39 jQuery Selectors, jQueryEffects - hide(), 40 jQuery show(), toggle(), fadeIn(), fadeOut(), fadeTo(), 41 fadeToggle(), animate() 42 jQueryEvents - blur(), click(), focus(), ready(), load(), on(), off().

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Sem : 3rd



14	STHO SUC	Br	anch : Computer Engg. Sem : 5th	n
-		Subject Name :	: Operating System Session : 2022	1
Sr. No	Date	Chapter	Topic Name	Remarks
1			Definition of Operating System, Evolution of operating systems - simple batch systems	
2		Introduction to	multi- programmed batch systems, timesharing systems	
3		operating	Functions of an operating system. Single user andmultiuser operating systems.	
4		System	Open-source and closed-source operating systems.	
5			Definition of process, process states,	
6			process life cycle	
7			Process Control Block (PCB)	
8		Process	ProcessScheduling - Scheduling queues	
9		Overview	Schedulers short term	
10			Schedulers medium term and long term)	
11			Dispatcher	
12			Context Switch.	
13			CPU Scheduler	
14			preemptive and non-preemptive scheduling.	
15			Scheduling criteria - CPU utilization.	
16			Throughput	
17			Turnaround time	
18		CPU	Waiting time.	
19		Scheduling	Response time	
20			Scheduling Algorithms-	
21			First-Come-First-Serve	
22			Shortest-Job-First	
23		-	Priority Scheduling	
24		-	Round-Robin	
25			Normal mode of operation - Request-Lise-Release sequence	
26		-	Definition of deadlock	
27		-	Deadlock Characterization	
28		Introduction to	Necessary and sufficient conditions - Mutual exclusion	
29		Deadlocks	Hold and wait	
30		-	No preemption and Circular wait	
31			Introduction to methods for handling deadlocks (without algorithms)	
32			Introduction to methods for handling deadlocks (without algorithms)	
33			Fixed partitioning	
34			dynamic partitioning	
35			memory fragmentation	
36			simple paging.	
37			simple segmentation	
38		Memory	virtual memory with paging	
39		Techniques	virtual memory with segmentation	
40		·······································	page fault,	
41		1	thrashing.	
42		1	Page replacement policies - FIFO	
43			Page replacement policies -Optimal, LRU.	
44			Page replacement policies - LRU.	
45			File concept - file attributes, file operations, file types,	
46		1	Access Methods - sequential access, directaccess.	
47			Directory Structure - directory overview, sinale-level directory	
48		1	two-level directory,	
49		1	tree- structured directories	
50		1	Disk Storage Access ways - Host-Attached Storage	
51		Storage	Network-AttachedStorage, and .	
52		Management	Storage Area Network.	
53		1	Disk scheduling - FCFS.	
54		1	SSTF.	
55		1	SCAN	
56		1	C-SCAN	

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Lesson	Plan
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		Br	anch : Computer Engg.	Sem : 3rd	
8		Subject Name	: Advanced Programming in 'C' Language Session : 20)22	
Sr. No	Date	Chapter	Topic Name		Remarks
1					
	-	Introduction to Programming	Algorithm, Flowchart, Evolution of Programming Languages, Structured Programming		
2			Compiling, Linking, Testing and Debugging a program. Syntax Error, Semantic Error.		
3			Character set, identifier, keywords, variables		
4		Introductions	data types, constants and literals		
5		Language	Structure of a 'C'program, unformatted 1/0 functions - getchar(), putchar(),		
6			gets(), puts(); formatted 1/0 functions - printf(), scanf().		
7			Arithmetic operators, relational operators		
8		Operators	logical operators, bit-wise operators,		
9		operatore	assignmentoperators, conditional operators, special operators.		
10			Associativity and order of precedence of operators.		
11		_	Branching statements: Conditional - if		
12		_	ifelse, nested if		
13			ifelse if ladder		
14	-	Flow Control Statements	switchcase		
15		Otatements	Unconditional - goto, break,		
10		_			
17		_	Loops - while, dowhile, tor;		
10			Nested loops, Infiniteloops.		
20		Storago	Scope and lifetime of variables		
21		Classes			
22		_	stolage classes - dulo, extern		
23					
24		-	memory representation of arrays		
25		_	one-dimensional arrays: declaration andinitialization:		
26		1.	two-dimensional arrays: declaration		
27		Arrays	two-dimensional arrays: initialization,		
28]	strings		
29			standard string functions-srtlen(), strrev()		
30			strcmp(), srtcpy(), strcat().		
31			Definition,		
32			function prototype		
33		_	formal parameters,		
34		Functions	function call		
35	-	_	call by reference		
36		_	call by value		
37		_	recursive Functions		
38			arrays as function arguments.		
39		_	Definition of structure and union		
40		Structures and			
42		Unions	unions		
43		_			
44		-	arrays of structures		
45			Definition of pointer		
46		_	address and dereferencing operators		
47			address and dereferencing operators		
48		Delatere	pointer type declaration,		
49		Pointers	pointer assignment		
50		_	pointer initialization		
51			pointer arithmetic.		
52			program		
53		_	Definition of file, file opening modes, create a new file,open an existing file		
54		File Handling	read/ write in a file, moving file pointer within an opened file, close an opened file		
55			File handling functions - fopen(),fclose(), getc(), putc(), fprintf(), fscanf()		
56			fgets(), fputs(), feof(), fseek(), rewind().		

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Branch : Computer Engg. Subject Name : Data Communication & Computer Networks

Sem : 3rd Session : 2022

Sr. No	Date	Chapter	Topic Name	Remarks
1			Definition of data communication	
2		Fundamontale	fundamental characteristics of data communication - delivery, accuracy, timeliness, litter,	
3		of Data	Components of data communication - message, sender, receiver.	
4		Communicatio	transmission medium, and protocol	
5		ns	Data representation - text numbers images audio video	
6			Dataflow -simplex balf-duplex full duplex	
7			Definition & objectives of computer network	
8			networking models - client-server, peer-to-peer:	
9			types of network - PAN I AN	
10		Introduction to		
11		Computer	network topologies - mesh	
12		Networks	network topologies - star	
13		-	network topologies - stal	
14		-	network topologies - bus	
15			ISO-OSI Model Seven layers of OSI model	
16			Dhuging laver	
17		-	Filysical layer	
18		-	Dete liek lever	
10				
20				
20			Network layer	
21			Function of Network Layer	
22		130-031 Middel		
23			Function of Transport layer	
24		-	Session layer	
25		-	Function of Session layer	
26		-	Presenation layer	
27			Function of presenation layer	
28			Application layer	
29			Function of Application layer	
30			Guided and unguided transmission media; twisted pair cable - UTP Vs STP	
31			RJ45 connector, categories of UTP, applications	
32		Transmission	coaxial cable - coaxial cable standards, connector, and applications	
33		Media	optical fiber cable - construction and principle, propagation modes, connectors	
34			applications, advantages, disadvantages; wireless transmission -radio waves	
35			microwaves, infrared; ISM band.	
36		-	Network Interface Card, repeater	
37		-	hub, switch	
38		Network	bridge,	
39		Devices	router	
40			gateway	
41			modem, firewall.	
42			Layers of TCP/IP - network layer :classes of IP addressing	1
43			CIDR	
44			subnet mask notation of IPaddresses,	
45			Subnetting	
46			supernetting	
47			IPv4 header	
48]	need of IPv6	
49		TCP/IP Model	Transport layer	
50		1	TCP	
51		1	UDP	
52		1	conceptof ports .well known ports	
53		1	Application laver: SMTP.	
54		1	TELNET	
55		1	FTP	
56		1	DHCP	
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Branch : Computer Engg.

Sem : 5th

and the second sec	THE PAST	Subject Name :	PROGRAMMING USING JAVA Session : 202	2
Sr. No	Date	Chapter	Topic Name	Remarks
1		Introduction to	Limitations of procedure-oriented programming paradigm, object-oriented programming (OOP) –	
2		Object-Oriented	advantages of OOP, objects and classes; Essential characteristics of OOP languages	
3		Programming	data abstraction, encapsulation.	
4			inheritance polymorphism dynamic binding	
5			Brief history of Java, features of Java language, Java editions	
6			Java programming terminology – JVM, JRE, JDK, JNI, WORA,	
7		Overview of	Java compiler, Java interpreter, source code, bytecode;	
8		Java Language	Setting CLASSPATH, JAVA_HOME	
9		-	PATH environment variables, coding conventions.	
10			coding conventions.	
11		-	Structure of a typical Java program, comments – single-line, multi-line and documenation	
12		-	main() method, Java tokens – identifiers,	
13		Fundamentals of	operators, keywords, constants, strings,	
14		Java	Java statements,	
15		Programming	variables – local, instance and static;	
17			literolo	
18		-	tupe casting _ widening and parrowing:	
19			Operators - Arithmetic Logical Relational Bit-wise	
20		Operators and	Operators	
21		Java I/O	Operator precedence and associativity	
22		-	Console based IO using System in and System out objects	
23			Selection control structures – if, ifelse,	
24			ifelse if ladder, nested if	
25			switchcase;	
26		Control	structures – while loop	
27		Statements	dowhile loop, for loop,	
28		_	for each loop; Jump statements – break,	
29		-	break	
30			continue, return	
31		-	Array definition, one dimensional array – declaring, initializing	
32		A	Multi-dimensional arrays,	
33		Arrays and Strings	Irregular arrays, String	
34		Strings	string literals, escape sequence	
36		-	chara(), indexO(), iengin(),	
37			Basic OOP concents – class instance variables	
38		-	methods object constructor creating objects	
39			members, final variables and methods.	
40		Object-oriented	final classes, garbage collection	
41		Programming in	finalizer method,	
42		Java	packages	
43			access modifiers,	
44			wrapper classes	
45		-	Compile time versus runtime polymorphism	
46		-	method overloading	
47			inheritance,	
48		Polymorphism and Inheritance	linheritance,	
49			method overriding,	
50				
52			abstract class	
53			Concept of exceptions, checked and unchecked exceptions, built in exceptions	
54		Exception	evention bandling the catch and finally blocks using multiple catch statements	
55		Handling and	exception handling - ity, calch and many blocks, using multiple calch statements,	
56		Multithreading	thread lifecycle, creating threads by extending Thread class and implimenting Punneble interface	
50			anous mossio, oreaning uncaus by extertaing thread class and implimenting runnable interface.	

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	ET IL O	Br Subject Name :	ranch : Computer Engg. Sem : 5t COMPUTER HARDWARE AND PERIPHERALS Session : 2022	h
Sr. No	Date	Chapter	Topic Name	Remarks
1			PC components, features and system design	
2			processor types and their features,	
3			processor specification,	
4			overview of motherboards,	
5		Computer	Bus system – data I/O bus, address bus, Internal Data bus,	
6		Devices	comparing processor performance	
7			BIOS, BIOS setup menus	
8			Limitation of BIOS,	
9			UEFI	
10			overviewof Mobile devices hardware.	
11			Objective of I/O Devices, Types of input devices,	
12			Types of input devices,	
13			Different printing devices and their use,	
14			Display types– CRT Monitor, LCD,	
15		Input/ Output	LED, Plasma,	
16		Ports	OLED, HDTV, data projector;	
17		1 0110	Video connector types –VGA, DVI	
18			HDMI, S-Video.	
19			Characteristics of display devices – Resolution refresh rate.	
20			response time, color quality, USB port	
21			Memory basics – ROM, RAM	
22			Types of RAM.	
23			Differentiate between DDR and GDDR	
24			Memory Module – Registered Modules	
25		1	SDR DIMM , DDR DIMM	
26		Memory	DDR2 DIMM	
27				
28			DDR4 DIMM	
29			Concept of cache – internal cache.	
30			External Cache (L1, L2, L3 cache)	
31			Type of storage devices, benefits and features of storage devices	
32			Principle and operation of HDD	
33			Basic HDD components	
34			HDD cables and connectors	
35		1	Optical Storage – CD/DVD construction technology	
36		Storage Devices	DVD format and standards. Concept of HD-DVD.	
37			Ontical drive performance specifications – data transfer rate	
38		1	drive speed, access time	
39		1	Flash and removable devices – USB flash drive, SSD	
40		1	Flash card readers; Concept of cloud based storage.	
41			Power supply rating, form factors	
42		1	power supply connectors.	
43			Block diagram and working of SMPS.	
44		Power Supply	Block diagram and working of SMPS	
45		1	UPS – online and offline UPS	
46		1	UPS Rating, comparison of UPS and inverter	
47			Different types of networking devices – NIC. Repeaters	
48		1	Switch Hub	
49		1	router gateways	
50		1	bridge modem	
51		Networking	Access point Bluetooth Firewall	
52		Devices		
53			Internet connectivity technologies – Dial-up,	
54		1		
55		1	Naturating cables and their comparison	
56		1	Networking tools	

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		Br Subject Name :	anch : Computer Engg. Sem : : DATA WAREHOUSING AND DATA MINING Session : 2022	ōth
Sr. No	Date	Chapter	Topic Name	Remarks
1			Data Warehouse, OLTP, OLAP, comparison of OLTP and OLAP systems	
2]	three-tier data warehouse architecture	
3		Introduction to	Data Warehouse Models: Enterprise warehouse, Data mart,	
4		Warehousing	Virtual warehouse	
5		_	Types of OLAP Servers: Relational OLAP (ROLAP)	
6			Multidimensional OLAP (MOLAP), Hybrid OLAP (HOLAP).	
7		-	Multidimensional database,	
8		-	data cube,	
9		-	concept hierarchy	
10			concept hierarchy	
12		I Data Models	OLAP Operations: Roll-up, Drill-down	
12		· Jula modolo	Slice and dice, Pivot (rotate)	
14		-	Schemas for multidimensional databases	
15		-	Stats Schema Snowflakes schema	
16		-	Fact Constellations	
17			Data Mining Importance of data mining	
18		-	KDD process: Data prepocessing. Data cleaning.	
19			Data integration, Data selection	-
20			Data transformation, Data mining,	
21		Data Mining &	Pattern evaluation, Knowledge presentation	
22		KDD Process	Kind of data for data mining,	
23		_	Interestingness of patterns,	
24		-	Classification of data mining systems,	
25		4	Technologies used in data mining,	
26			Major issues in Data Mining.	
27		-	Top-down approach	_
28		-	Bottom-up approach	
29		-	Steps for Data warehouse design	
30		Duilding Data	choosing a business process to model	
32		Warehouse	choosing the grain of the business process	
33				
34		-	choosing the measures	
35		-	Recommended approach for data warehouse development	
36		-	Recommended approach for data warehouse development	
37			Mining Frequent patterns	
38		-	Frequent patterns	
39			itemsets,	
40			sub-sequences	
41		Mining Frequent	sub-structures;	
42		Patterns	Finding frequent itemsets using candidate generation	
43		_	Finding frequent itemsets using candidate generation	
44		-	(Apriori algorithm).	
45			(Apriori algorithm) Example	
46			(Apriori algorithm) Example	
47		4	Data Mining Architecture	
48		4	Data Mining Applications	
49		4	Data Mining for Financial Data Analysis	+
50		Applications &	Retails and Telecommunication Industries	
52 52		Trends in Data	Retails and Telecommunication Industries	+
53		Mining	Science and Engineering	+
54		1	Intrusion Detection and Protection	+
55		1		
56		1	recent trends in data mining	
		1	noona a shao ar data mining	1

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